Due to the character exclusively educational and eminently illustrative of the explanations in this presentation, the author accepts article 32 of the "*Ley de la propiedad intelectual*" (Law on Intellectual Property) in force regarding the partial use of works with images, graphics or other material contained in the different slides

All the images presented are included as necessary citations to illustrate the explanations of this class





Acceso Tratamientos Oncológicos



BLOQUE I: Revisión de evidencias científicas de nuevos fármacos Inmunoterapias celulares para pacientes con cáncer

Manel Juan i Otero, MD, PhD

Servei d'Immunologia – Centro de Diagnòstic Biomèdic.

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Hospital Clínic de Barcelona (HCB-FCRB) - IDIBAPS / Immunotherapy platform Hospital Sant Joan de Déu-HCB

Casa Covalescència, UAB, 17-02-2023; 10:00 h (40 min).



CONFLICT OF INTEREST - DISCLOSURES

- No conflict by commercial interests or relationship with companies, except in what corresponds to educational talks sponsored by some companies and specific participations (2 meetings 2 years ago st least) as member of an Oncology Advisory Board of Grifols & Cytometry board of BD Biosciences, norelated with CAR-T therapy.
- Co-Responsible of production of academic CART product (ARI-0001, ARI002 & other ATMPs) in patients with B-cell malignancies (CART19-BE-01 & CARTBCMA-HCB-01 trials) (including some companies as Immuneel, Cocoon or Gyala) + Hospital Exemption by AEMPS ... but nopersonal (economic) profit from it.







ANTITUMORAL IMMUNOTHERAPY

Antibodies (including Check-point inhibitors) SURGE

Cell & Gene Immunotherapy (including vaccines, virotherapy, ...)

KNOWLEDGE + RULES/QUALITY+ infrastructures





CHEMOTHERAPY





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Servei Immunologia (CDB) – HOSPITAL CLINIC

Cell Immunotherapy (Dr. R Vilella):

Des de 1998: Vacuna anti-Melanoma Des de 2004: DCs anti-Melanoma Des de 2010: DCs anti-càncer de Colon



Clínic

Barcelona

UNIVERSITAT

ID B

• Intradermal inoculations near the lymphatic areas.



	Clinical Response	Overall Survival
Melanoma	8.5 %	50 % - 377 %
Prostate Cancer	7.1 %	56 % - 175 %
Malignant Glioma	15.6 %	49 % - 150 %
Renal Carcinoma	11.5 %	108 %

>3000 patients

Data extracted from: Clinical use of dendritic cells for cancer therapy. Lancet Oncology 2014 Sébastien Anguille, Evelien L Smits, Eva Lion, Viggo F van Tendeloo, Zwi N Berneman



Ongoing clinical trials (based on the use of DCs) at Hospital Clinic de Barcelona

Protocol	PEI	NCT	Eudra-CT
Crohn intralesional	08-049	NCT02622763	2014-001083-35
MS*/NMO*	14-089	NCT02283671	2013-005165-39
DIPG*	15-215	NCT02840123	2015-003362-84
CCR [*] + anti-PD-L1	09-133	NCT01413295	2016-003838-24
SLC+ anti-PD-L1			2021-003154-66

- MS/NMO: Multiple Sclerosis; neuromielitis optica
- CCR: Colo-rectal cancer + avelumab (Merck)
- **DIPG**: Difuse Intrinsec Pontine Glioma (Pediatric)
- SCLC: Small Cell Lung Cancer



T-cell Cytotoxicity





T-cell Cytoxicity: TA recognition & more



T-cell Cytoxicity: TA recognition & more





T-cell Cytoxicity: TA recognition & more



ID BAPS

Dén 0

Clínic Barcelona

TILs



tjoan Dén 0

UNIVERSITAT-

Figure made by the speaker. TILs, tumour infiltrating lymphocytes.



Impact of Prior Treatment on the Efficacy of Adoptive Transfer of Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes in Patients with Metastatic Melanoma

Seitter SJ et al. Clin Cancer Res 2021;27:5289–98



The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ESTABLISHED IN 1812

DECEMBER 8, 2022

VOL. 387 NO. 23

Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocyte Therapy or Ipilimumab in Advanced Melanoma

M.W. Rohaan, T.H. Borch, J.H. van den Berg, Ö. Met, R. Kessels, M.H. Geukes Foppen, J. Stoltenborg Granhøj,
B. Nuijen, C. Nijenhuis, I. Jedema, M. van Zon, S. Scheij, J.H. Beijnen, M. Hansen, C. Voermans, I.M. Noringriis,
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A. Torres Acosta, M. Karger, J.S.W. Borgers, R.M.T. ten Ham, V.P. Retèl, W.H. van Harten, F. Lalezari,
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M.J. Boers-Sonderen, W.E. Fiets, F.W.P.J. van den Berkmortel, E. Ellebaek, L.R. Hölmich, A.C.J. van Akkooi,
W.J. van Houdt, M.W.J.M. Wouters, J.V. van Thienen, C.U. Blank, A. Meerveld-Eggink, S. Klobuch, S. Wilgenhof,
T.N. Schumacher, M. Donia, I.M. Svane, and J.B.A.G. Haanen

EDITORIALS

TIL Therapy Entering the Mainstream



George Coukos, M.D., Ph.D.





ACT -> durable responses in solid tumors

	Ν	ORR	DoR months		Ν	ORR	DoR months
MELANOMA (Rosenberg; CCR,	4 3	49%	82+,81+, 79+, 78+, 64+	l	Jnsel	ected AC	T
2011) MELANOMA	2	500/	68+, 64+, 60+, 57+, 54+	OVARIAN CANCER	6	0%	NA
(Rosenberg;CCR, 2011)	5	52%	577, 547	Oncolmmunology, 2018)			
MELANOMA (Rosenberg; CCR, 2011)	2 5	72%	48+, 45+, 44+, 44+, 39+, 38+, 37+, 19+, 20, 22	CERVICAL CANCER (Jazaeri AAl; ASCO 2019)	27	44%	Not reached 2.6+ to 9.2+
MELANOMA (Besser; CCR, 2010)	2 0	50%	20+, 4+		Selec	ctive ACT	
	6	33%	30+, 10+	CHOLANGIOCA (Tran; Science, 2014)	1	PR	35
	2	250/	21.	COLORECTAL (Tran; NEJM, 2016)	1	PR	9
OVEAL MELANOMA (Chandranl; Lancet Oncol, 2017)	2	30%	217	BREAST CANCER	1	CR	22+
18% with con	nple	te resp	oonse (25/139)	2018)			
18 pts with ma	iinta y	ined re ears	esponse after 2			a Reading Comparison of the Co	Clínic Barcelona



DEPARTAMENTO DE MEDICAMENTOS DE USO HUMANO

Área de Ensayos Clínicos

- ASUNTO: Respuesta a Condiciones en la Resolución de Autorización 2020-003638-19
 DESTINATARIO: CTU CLINIC Villarroel 170
- PROMOTOR: Fundació Clínic per a la Recerca Biomèdica Rosselló 149-153 08036 Barcelona

08036 Barcelona

En relación con las respuestas recibidas en fecha 11 de Julio de 2022 para las condiciones de la Resolución de Autorización del ensayo clínico titulado:

Tratamiento de cáncer de mama triple negativo avanzado o metastásico con terapia adoptiva de linfocitos infiltrantes de tumor PD1 positivo.

Tras evaluar la respuesta a las condiciones de autorización de este ensayo, la AEMPS comunica que está conforme con las mismas.









nature

Accelerated Article Preview

Non-viral precision T cell receptor replacement for personalized cell therapy



From TILs to T-cell modified therapy





Ex vivo modification of T-cell





tTcR T-cells

Tumor cell



Cytotoxic T-cell

HLA-TA

TargetTrial number(Status)Patien to (st.)Vector/modeILA allelCancer targetedMART-1NCT00502882007-2011 (C)24Retroviral vectorHLA-A v0201Mensatic cutaneous melanoma ² NCT002612222008-2011 (C)14+ dendritic cell vacuneHLA-A v0211Metastatic cutaneous melanoma ³ NCT02548212012-2019 (A, nr)12 (2.5)Retroviral vector + ptpide vacuneHLA-A v0211Metastatic cutaneous melanoma ³ MART-1 gp 100NCT002548212012-2019 (A, nr)12 (2.5)Retroviral vector + ptpide vacuneHLA-A v0211Metastatic cutaneous melanoma ⁴ gp100NCT00610112008-2011 (C)4 (85)Retroviral vectorHLA-A v0211Metastatic cutaneous melanoma ⁴ NY-EBO-1NCT00677482008-2016 (T)2Retroviral vectorHLA-A v0211Metastatic cutaneous melanomaNY-EBO-1NCT00677482008-2016 (T)2Retroviral vector winducibe IL-12HLA-A v0211Metastatic cutaneous melanomaNY-EBO-1NCT01677432015-2016 (T)2Retroviral vector mutine TCRHLA-A v0211Metastatic cutaneous melanomaNCT014571312011-2016 (T)2Retroviral vector mutine TCRHLA-A v0201Metastatic cutaneous melanomaNCT014576232013-2020 (C)11Retroviral vector mutine TCRHLA-A v0201Metastatic cutaneous melanomaNCT012656462015-2018 (A, nr)9 ¹ UnknownHLA-A v0201Metastatic cutaneous melanomaNCT02656642015-2019 (R)3 ¹ Unknown </th
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NCT013504012011-2016 (T)4Lentiviral vector enhanced TCRHLA-A*0201Metastatic, cutaneous melanoma Metastatic cancers, melanoma of the Metastatic cancers, melanomaNCT019678232013-2020 (C)11Retroviral vector runine TCRHLA-A*0201Metastatic cancers, melanoma of the Metastatic cancers, melanomaNCT020625592014-2016 (T)2Retroviral vector CD62L + T cellsHLA-A*0201Metastatic cancers, melanoma and other HLA-A*0200NCT02456562015-2018 (A, nr)91UnknownHLA-A*0201Metastatic cancers, melanoma and other adult)NCT024576502015-2019 (R)361UnknownHLA-A*0201NY-ESO-1 + malignancies (children an adult)NCT028692172016-2020 (A, nr)221UnknownHLA-A*0201Metastatic cancers, melanoma and other advectorNCT03382062018-2023 (R)731 (incl. CAR-T trial)UnknownHLA-A*0201Metastatic cancers, melanoma and other andvlt)MAGEA3/12NCT012731812010-2012 (T)9 (97)Retroviral vector CRISPR TCRendo and PD-1HLA-A*0201Metastatic cancers, melanoma and other incl. multiple myelomaA3NCT021339052014-2013 (R)3 (102)Retroviral vectorHLA-A*010Metastatic cancers, melanoma and other incl. multiple myelomaA3NCT012731802014-2023 (R)17 ¹ (107)Retroviral vector CD4 TCRMetastatic cancers, melanoma and other CD4 TCRA4NCT016944722012-2016 (U)15 ¹ Unknown<
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NCT03686124 2019-2021 (R) (16) Viral vector Unknown Metastatic cancers, melanoma and others IMA203
p53 NCT00393029 2006-2008 (C) 12 Retroviral vector HLA-A*02:01 Metastatic cancers, melanoma and others
NCT00704938 2008-2009 (T) 3 (82) +dendritic cell vaccine HLA-A*0201 Metastatic cancer, melanoma/RCC and others
Tyrosinase NCT01586403 2012-2028 (A, nr) 3(14) ¹ Retroviral vector HLA-A*02 Metastatic melanoma ⁸
Neoantigens NCT03970382 2019 - (R) (148) CD8 and CD4 TCR ± nivolumab Unknown Metastatic cancers, melanoma and others

Note: All clinical studies using TCR therapy against malignant melanoma registered on Clinical Trials.gov. ¹No updated information on enrolment available; ²Ref 102; ³Ref 103; ⁴Ref 102; ⁵Ref 104; ⁶Ref 77; ⁷Ref 105; ⁸Ref 53. Abbreviations: (A, nr), Active, not recruiting; (C), Completed; (R), Recruiting; (T), Terminated; (U), Unknown.



Ex vivo modification of T-cell





Humphries C, Nature 504, S13-S15 2013

CAR = *Chimeric Antigen Receptor*



Sònia Guedán Carrió y Anna Boronat Barado

Chapter 6. Monografías SEI – Elsevier. "Inmunoterapia antitumoral con linfocitos genéticamente modificados (CAR): una realidad con futuro"





CAR evolution



linfocitos genéticamente modificados (CAR): una realidad con futuro"

CAR evolution



T cells Redirected for Universal Cytokine Killing



CARs in T-cells = CARTs






Immunotherapy assessment (-) SWOT analysis

Weaknesses ("Immuno"):

- "A lot to know", but "much more to know".
- Lack of "immunologists" and few implicated centers.
- Interrelationship ("Network") and complexity in the molecular interactions of IS.
- Large interpersonal variability.
- "Alternative", "not classical" therapies.
- Lack of immunotherapy monitoring.
- High production costs.

Threats ("context"):

- "Pharma" regulation.
- General budget constraints.
- "Interest / s" of Pharma industry.
- "Fears" facing with complexity and "new therapeutic paradigm".

📅 IDIB

Immunotherapy assessment (+) SWOT analysis

Strengths ("Immuno"):

- "Natural" elements already existing in patients.
- General "high biosecurity".
- Potential for "multi-intervention".
- Intrinsic "personalized medicine"..

Opportunities ("context"):

- Need to "reorient therapeutic strategy" in front of the economic crisis.
- "General positive perception of people" about IS: it defines health.
- "Relocalization": bring the production points closer to the user.
- Collaboration between Academy & Biotechs next to conventional Pharma companies.

👬 ID<mark>I</mark>BA

Immunotherapy assessment (+) SWOT analysis

Strengths	•	"Natural" elements already existing in patients. General "high biosecurity". Potential for "multi-intervention". Intrinsic "personalized medicine".	 "A lot to know", but "much more to know". Lack of "immunologists" and few centers. Interrelationship ("Network") and compl of IS. Large interpersonal variability. Lack of immunotherapy monitoring. High production costs. 	Weaknesses	
Opportunities	•	 "Reorient therapeutic strategy" vs crisis. "General positive perception of people". "Relocalization": Collaboration between Academy & Biotechs next to Pharma. 	 "Pharma" regulation. General budget constraints. "Interest / s" of Pharma industry. "Fears" facing with complexity and "new therapeutic paradigm 	Threats	

Barcelona



2-G CAR

SCFV = Tumor Antigen Recognition

hinge + Transmembrane (CD8a ... others)





CD137 / **CD28** = 2nd signal - 3rd signal

(Costimulatory domain)

 $CD3\zeta = 1^{st}$ signal

(Signalling domain)



FDA / EMA CART19 / CART-BCMA approved: Since August-October 2017 (FDA) / July 2018 (EMA) / July 2020 (FDA) / February 2022 (FDA)





UNOVARTIS

Novartis ALL & DLBCL <25 y USA: 475,000 \$ / patient)

Spain: 320 m€

Kite NHL DLBCL: USA 373 m\$ / patient Spain: 320 m€



Kite MBCL Lymphoma (FDA)





Biological principles of CAR T- cells.

CAR-T as antitumoral immunotherapy is based on 3 main factors:

- 1. The product, engineered T-lymphocytes:
 - a) Cytotoxic T-cells (mainly CD8+).
 - b) Cytokine producing cells (mainly CD4+).
 - c) Capacity of Proliferation (both).
 - d) Capacity of cell survival and persistence (both).
- 2. Own Immune system (the main uncontroled parameter).
- 3. Clinical management of the process and the patient





Academic manufacture of CAR-T.

By now, all the CAR-T have been **initially developed from research teams**, so (by now) **industry is** "just" **defining** how to introduce **large-scale production** (accessibility?) and a perfect tracking of the process.

Academic manufacture is (by now) the base for introducing and improving new proposals.

But, (by now) **industrial production and marketing** of ATMPs is almost the **only way** to have products.



Success of CARs: Thousands of patients





Clinical Trials "Chimeric Antigen Receptor = 865



CART19 : August 2011, "seminal" article

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

BRIEF REPORT

Chimeric Antigen Receptor–Modified T Cells in Chronic Lymphoid Leukemia



Clínic Barcelona 🧱 ID I B A

David L. Porter, M.D., Bruce L. Levine, Ph.D., Michael Kalos, Ph.D., Adam Bagg, M.D., and Carl H. June, M.D.

N ENGLJ MED 365;8 NEJM.ORG AUGUST 25, 2011



Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL)





Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL)





Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma (NHL)



The Philadelphia Inquirer

Obituaries

Bill Ludwig, patient who helped pioneer cancer immunotherapy at Penn, dies at 75 of COVID-19

The South Jersey man beat end-stage cancer with a breakthrough immune therapy. But he couldn't beat the pandemic.



ADVERTISEMENT

Feb 17, 2021







2-G CAR

SCFV = Tumor Antigen Recognition

hinge + Transmembrane (CD8a ... others)





CD137 / **CD28** = 2nd signal - 3rd signal

(Costimulatory domain)

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UNOVARTIS

Novartis ALL & DLBCL <25 y USA: 475,000 \$ / patient)

Spain: 320 m€

Kite NHL DLBCL: USA 373 m\$ / patient Spain: 320 m€



Kite MBCL Lymphoma (FDA)







CAR production





Pointer 41°23'51 10" N 2°09'57.56" E elev 173 ft

Streaming ||||||||| 100%

Eve alt 41182 ft

GMP facilities at HCB - UB



Production of Lentiviral Vector





Recollection



GMP facilities at HCB - UB









ARI-0001 cells (varnimcabtagene autoleucel [varim-cel])





Tumor cell (B-lymphocyte or Leukemia/lymphoma)

CD8hinge & TM CD137 (4-1BB)

CD3ζ

1st signa

Cvtotoxic T-cell 2^{n & 3rd signal}

2.- Proliferation / Cytokine3.- Survival

TAA

SCFV

(anti-CD

Safety & dose administration



CART19-BE-01: Efficacy (ALL)

Patients	CRR, % (CI 95%)	PFS/EFS, median (Cl 95%)	OS, median (CI 95%)	Reference
38 (11 kids + 27	71% (54-85%)	12.0 mo (4.2-20.2)	20.2 m (10.4-ND)	CART19-BE-01
adults)		47% (27-67%) at 1y	69% (49-88%) at 1y	
PEDIATRICS				
11 kids (up to 18y)	55% (23-83%)	18.1 mo (14.5-ND)	NA (7.1-NA)	CART19-BE-01
		82% (59-100%) at 1y	78% (50-100%) at 1y	
75 kids (up to 25y)	81% (71-89%)	50% (35-64%) at 1y	76% (63-86%) at 1y	Maude et al
21 kids (up to 30y)	67% (43-85%)	79% at 5 mo	51.6% at 10 mo	Lee et al
45 kids (up to 25y)	93%	51% (37-70%) a 1y	69.5% (56-87%) at 1y	Gardner et al
ADULTS				
27 adults (> 18y)	78% (58%-91%)	9.4 mo (3.3-20.2)	20.2 mo (12.8-NE)	CART19-BE-01
		34% (12-57%) at 1y	65% (40-89%) at 1y	
53 adults	83% (70-92%)	6.1 mo (5.0-11.5)	12.9 mo (8.7-23.4)	Park et al
35 adults	69% (51-83%)	5.6 mo	19.1 mo (6.2-NE)	Frey et al
53 adults	85%	7.6 mo	20.0 mo	Hay et al
55 adults	71% (57-82%)	11.6 mo (2.7-15.5)	18.2 mo (15.9+NE)	Shah et al

Ortiz-Maldonadovet al. Mol Ther 2021

Current ARI-0001 General Overview

Treated Patients:

- CART19-BE-01 trial: 47 patients (a bi-center trial for ALL, NHL and CLL)
- The compassionate use program: 82 patients (a bi-center program for ALL, NHL and CLL without curative options)
- The hospital exemption program: 13 patients (a program for R/R ALL >25 years)
- CART19-BE-02 trial: 20 patients (12 pending) (a multicenter [9] trial for R/R adult ALL)
- CART19-BE-03 trial: 30 paedriatic patients (for presentation to AEMPS) (a multicenter [5] trial for R/R pediatric ALL)
- CART19BCMA-BE-001: LNH (a multicenter [5] trial for B-NHL)
- International collaborations (HOVON, Immuneel, Cellpoint, specific for different countries (11 petitions around de world)

ARI-0001 Hospital Exemption (HE) authorization:

- First ATMP to be authorized through HE for cancer in Europe
- First European CAR-T product to be authorized for adult B-ALL (≥ 25yr)
- First 'public' CAR-T product to be authorized



Published results:

- Point-of-care ARI-0001 cell production (DOI: 10.3389/fimmu.2020.00482)
- Early outcomes of the CART19-BE-01 trial (DOI: 10.1016/j.ymthe.2020.09.027)
- Long term follow-up of ARI-0001 for R/R B-ALL (DOI: 10.1136/jitc-2021-003644)
- ARI-0001 cells for isolated extramedullary disease ALL (DOI: 10.1002/ajh.26519)
- ARI-0001 cells for CLL and Richter's (DOI: 10.3389/fonc.2022.828471)





agencia española de medicamentos y productos sanitarios





Conceder la autorización de uso del medicamento de terapia avanzada de fabricación no industrial "ARI-0001 dispersión para perfusión, que contiene 0,1-1x10⁶ células/kg – Hospital Clínic de Barcelona ", en el ámbito y con las condiciones que se especifican a continuación:

Código Nacional:	Formato:
730228	ARI-0001 dispersión para perfusión, que contiene
	0,1-1x10 ⁶ células/kg – Hospital Clínic de Barcelona, 1 bolsa de criopreservación CryoMacs de 30 ml

Fecha de la firma: 01/02/2021

Puede comprobar la autenticidad del documento en la sede de la AEMPS:https://localizador.aemps.es

USO HUMANO



smhaem@aemps.es



CSV: 3T9KDD8AF8







Treating with CAR T-cells (not only academic ATMPs)

Starting considerations:

- Clinical trials are the first "obvious tool" (cost?) -> a pathway to approval (reimbursement?)
- Aims of the regulatory systems:
 - + To assure **safety** and **quality** of **products** (ATMPs???)
 - + To ensure access of products to patients (in the countries) !!!
 - To help in the arrival of new products, especially when there are unmet medical needs?
 (or proposals for improvement?)
 - + To collaborate with public health systems ? (public / non profit developers = private /
 profit industry?)

Open questions:

- Who should define the regulatory rules? (own regulators, industry, patients, ...)
- When and how the regulatory rules should be adapted/changed?
- + Autologous ATMPs should be equally regulated as Allogenic or products?





European Regulation [EC] No 1394/2007 on ATMPs [amending Directive 2001/83/EC and Regulation No 726/2004] establish the legal framework for ATMPs -> "HE" (developed differentially in each EU country).



Barcelona




MINISTERIO DE SANIDAD, CONSUMO Y BIENESTAR SOCIAL

PLAN DE ABORDAJE DE LAS TERAPIAS AVANZADAS EN EL SISTEMA NACIONAL DE SALUD: MEDICAMENTOS CAR

INA.





"Hospital Exemption" ... and next step

- "HE" as a tool for academic use ... intermediate step (Spain):
 - Different rules in different countries, ... but which is the purpose?
 - Why not to "spread" the "HE" in different centers?
 - Who can/should decide to "spread" the "best (national) proposal" to different countries? (patients, regulators, industry, governments ???)
- "Market" authorization after "HE" ... same pathway/authorization than the "conventional" pharma process? (probably the main aspect to be defined should be the "proposal for diffusion/access").





https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/human-regulatory/researchdevelopment/prime-priority-medicines#list-of-productsgranted-eligibility-section



March 2016- June 2021,



	ACLIVILY	Status	comments
	Scientific advice for R/R ALL indication	Completed (May 2020)	With the NCA (AEMPS)
	Scientific advice for R/R DLBCL indication	Completed (February 2022)	With the NCA (CBG). This trial is sponsored by HOVON
EUROPEAN MEDICINES AC	HTA advice	Not planned yet	Discussed with EMA's ATMP office, not considered a priority in view of our academic non-profit status
	PIP submission	Planned for Q3 2022	Together with colleagues from other centres (experts in Paediatric Haematology). First draft completed
16 December 2021 EMA/720469/2021 Human Medicines Division	Orphan designation request	Not planned yet	Possible
Subject: Request for eligibility to the PRIME scheme	ATMP classification	Classified by the NCA (AEMPS) as gene	
ARI-0001 - EMA/PRIME/21/046		product (GTMP)	
With reference to your request dated 19/10/2021 for access to	ATMP certification	Not planned	
treatment of patients older than 25 years with relapsed/refr	Submission of letter of intent	Planned for Q4 2022	
(ALL), I would like to inform you that the CHMP during its De your justification and the recommendation from the Committee	Presubmission meeting with rapporteur	Planned for Q1 2023	
Based on the claims, the justification for such claims and the de	Presubmission meeting with rapporteur	Planned for Q1 2023	
by the applicant, the CHMP is of the view that:	Presubmission meeting with EMA	Planned for Q1 2023	
 Despite the availability of a number of treatment options in a older than 25 years, overall survival is still poor if not follow cell therapy (allo-HSCT). There is a need for improved thera 	Request for accelerated assessment	Planned for Q1 2023	
patients until transplant, and ultimately improve survival in	PIP compliance check	Planned for O1 2023	
Therefore, an unmet need in the proposed patient population	MAA submission	Planned for Q3-4 2023	
There is a strong pharmacological rationale for use of ARI-00	Invented name request	Planned for Q1 2024	

Access to support through the PRIME scheme is therefore confirmed.

CD19





BCMA



After ARI-0001, ARI-0002h

• Expertise used for another product: ARI-0002h





Response to ARI0002h

Overall response rate in the first 3 months, n (%)	30 (100%)
Partial response, n (%)	6 (20%)
Very good partial response, n (%)	9 (30%)
Complete response, n (%)	15 (50%)
Median time to best response, days (95% CI)	99 (29-108)
Overall response rate, n (%)*	30 (100%)
Partial response, n (%)*	2 (7%)
Very good partial response, n (%)*	8 (27%)
Complete response, n (%)*	20 (67%)

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ID BAPS

) Barcelona

CDB

Response of plasmacytomas by PET-CT in a patient treated with ARI0002h.



UNIVERSITAT-

Other projects

Consortium of Spanish Children's Hospitals \rightarrow varim-cel cells in paediatric ALL (CART19-BE-03Ped trial)

Immuneel India \rightarrow phase 2 trial evaluating pseudo-var-cel cells in patients with paediatric/adult ALL \rightarrow ongoing (3 patients infused)

Cellpoint \rightarrow phase 1 study of pseudo-var-cel in patients with CLL w/o Richter's transformation \rightarrow ongoing (2 patients infused)

HOVON \rightarrow non-inferiority trial comparing var-cel to axi-cel/tisa-cel in DLBCL \rightarrow Scientific Advice submission possible in late 2022

GALARIA \rightarrow pilot study of **ARI-0003** (dual anti-CD19/anti-BCMA CART-cells) in patients with aggressive CD19+ NHL \rightarrow additional funding requested in a competitive grant



Colaboraciones internacionales y académicas





What is ARI-0003?





Schoenfeld and O'Cearbhaill .The Cancer Journal. 27(2):134-142, 2021



ANTITUMORAL TARGETS (and others) with CAR-T (in HCB/HSJD)

Hematological tumors:

• CD19 – B-Leukemia & Lymphomas

Kymriah[®] o *tisagenlecleucel*, Yescarta[®] o *axicabtagene ciloleucel*, Tecartus[®] o brexucabtagene autoleucel Breyanzi[®] o *lisocabtagen maraleucel* ARI-0001 o *varnimcabtagene autoleucel*

• CD269 /BCMA – Multiple myeloma

Abecma[®] o *idecabtagene vicleucel* Carvykti o *ciltacabtagene autoleucel* ARI-0002h

- CD7, CD1a T lineage
- CD123, Gya-1, ..., LMA

Solid tumors

- HER2 (4D5 variant)- BC, OC., ...
- **IL13Ra** GBM
- EGFR-viii
- Mesothelin
- **PSMA** C.P.
-

Autoimmunity, Tx rejection, ...

- DSG Penfigo, ...
- CAAR-HLA_A*2 rejection, ...

🗱 ID<mark>I</mark>BA

• CAR-Treg

•

Conclusions & future directions

- ARI-0001 cells showed a safety & efficacy profile that remain other (US/EU/Chinese) academic or commercially av "Academic-Public product is equivalent"
- CART19-BE-01 trial data was public do it do it criteria as other drugs were requirements" *Possible improvement by Academi-P if the formation of the same quality of th .on Medicines Agency MPs can accomplish quality

. designation" by EMA



ins in line with

roducts.

<u>، ا</u>



World Exclusive: CAR-T Cell Therapy Successfully Used Against Autoimmune Disease (Medicine)

13 AUG 2021 | JAISRIPADHI | LEAVE A COMMENT



Cocoon bioreactor & Others





Joan



Conclusions

Academic CART-cell development is portion

Requires a change of mentality

Requires help from expert on regulation

Requires stamina **A big Pharm Osn't entirely happy with the current** situation (e.g. they **dislike** the Hospital Exemption Clause)

"Where there is a will, there is a way", ... if we are flexible.

Slide adapted of the initial proposal of Dr. Delgado



Cell Immunotherapy Unit



How is involved in our "ARI program"? (>200 professionals)



How is involved in our "ARI program"? (>200 professionals)





sant Joan de Déu





Institut de Recerca CONTRA LA LEUCÈMIA Josep Carreras

nstituto de Salud Carlos III









NOVADTIC



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<u>AEMPS</u>

. . .

Collaborators:

Upenn, UCLA, BST, 12-O, CUN, HUS, HAM, HUVR, SERGAS-CHUS, HRyC, Ozkaidetza,





















9

EMA



"Please understand, the regulation is all that guide me. To protect ATMPs some options must be sacrificed. To ensure your future, some patients must be surrendered. We DAg./Pharma? I ensure mankind's continued existence. You are so like children. We must save you, from yourselves"





Gracias! Danke schön! Obrigado! **Thanks** 谢谢你 **Questions?**

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